INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of CFCL Ventures Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of CFCL Ventures Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31, 2020, the statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash flows for the year ended on that date and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended (Ind AS), of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and total comprehensive income (comprising of loss and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by Institute of Chartered Accountant of India (ICAI). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial

statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

The Indian Rupee amounts are presented in the accompanying Ind AS financial statements, solely for the convenience of the reader and have been translated on the basis described in the Note 18 of the Ind AS financial statements. The translation from US Dollars (USD) to Indian Rupee (INR) is unaudited.

For ASA & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 009571N/N500006

D. Ramprasad

Partner Membership No. 028241

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 22, 2020

UDIN: 20028241AAAAVY2360

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Financial assets				
Investments	4	_	37,355,352	_
Total Non Current Assets	-	<u> </u>	37,355,352	
Current assets	-	<u> </u>	31,333,332	<u> </u>
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	5	9,758	6,422	738,388
Other financial assets	6	441,438	-	33,403,613
Total Current Assets	_	451,196	6,422	34,142,001
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Total assets	-	451,196	37,361,774	34,142,001
EQUITY & LIABILITIES EQUITY				
Equity Share Capital	7	406	406	30,722
Other Equity	7	(143,820,252)	(105,681,543)	(10,882,878,468)
Total Equity		(143,819,846)	(105,681,137)	(10,882,847,746)
LIABILITIES				
Non-current liabilities				
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	8	144,263,431	142,063,431	10,916,413,824
Other financial liabilities	9	-	906,179	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities	_	144,263,431	142,969,610	10,916,413,824
Current liabilities				
Financial Liabilities				
Trade payables		-	39,036	-
Other financial liabilities	9	7,611	34,265	575,923
Total Current Liabilities		7,611	73,301	575,923
Total Equity and Liabilities	_	451,196	37,361,774	34,142,001

Summary of Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For ASA & Associates LLP

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

CFCL Ventures Limited

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm registration number: 009571N/N500006

D Ramprasad

Manoj Bawa

Partner

Membership number: 028241

Director

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 22, 2020

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 22, 2020

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2020
				Convenience translation
				into Rupees (Unaudited)
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS				
Income				
Other Income		-	-	-
Total Income		-	-	
Expenses				
Finance Cost	10	1,349	-	102,079
Other expenses	11	782,973	265,212	59,247,567
Impairment losses from Investments	17	37,355,352	-	2,826,679,486
Total Expenses		38,139,674	265,212	2,886,029,132
Profit/ (Loss) for the year from				
discontinued operations		(38,139,674)	(265,212)	(2,886,029,132)
Other Comprehensive Income/(expens	se)	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income/(expense	e)			
for the year		(38,139,674)	(265,212)	(2,886,029,132)
Earning per share				
Basic		(9.40)	(0.07)	(711.30)
Diluted		(9.40)	(0.07)	(711.30)

Summary of Significant accounting policies 3

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For ASA & Associates LLP

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of $% \left\{ \mathbf{r}^{\prime }\right\} =\left\{ \mathbf{r}^{\prime$

Manoj Bawa

Director

Chartered Accountants CFCL Ventures Limited

ICAI Firm registration number: 009571N/N500006

D RamprasadPartner

Membership number: 028241

Place: Bengaluru
Date: May 22, 2020
Place: Bengaluru
Date: May 22, 2020

Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2020
			Convenience translation
			into Rupees (Unaudited)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES			
Loss for the year before tax	(38,139,674)	(265,212)	(2,886,029,132)
Adjustments to reconcile loss before tax to net cash flows:			
Impairment losses from investments	37,355,352	-	2,826,679,486
Employee stock compensation expense	965	664	73,022
Operating loss before working capital changes	(783,357)	(264,548)	(59,276,624)
Changes in working capital			
Decrease in Other current assets	(441,438)	-	(33,403,613)
Decrease in Trade and other payables and liabilities	(971,869)	(1,435,452)	(73,541,327)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(2,196,664)	(1,700,000)	(166,221,564)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
•		-	
Net cash flows from investing activities	-	-	
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Issue proceeds from preference shares	2,200,000	1,700,000	166,474,000
Net cash flows from financing activities	2,200,000	1,700,000	166,474,000
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	3,336	-	252,436
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	6,422	6,422	485,952
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9,758	6,422	738,388

Summary of Significant accounting policies (Refer Note 3).

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For ASA & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number: 009571N/N500006

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of CFCL Ventures Limited

D Ramprasad

Partner

Membership number: 028241

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 22, 2020 Manoj Bawa

Director

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 22, 2020

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

	(Refe	Equity Share Capital Other equity (Attributable to equity holders of the comp (Refer Note 7) (Refer Note 7)				1 0,	
Particulars	In USD	Convenience translation in Rupees (Unaudited)	Securities Premium Reserve	Other Reserves (ESOP Outstanding Account)*	Surplus/ (deficit) in the statement of profit and loss	Total Other equity	Convenience translation in Rupees (Unaudited)
Balance as at 1 April 2018	406	30,722	37,395,980	3,528,693	(146,341,668)	(105,416,995)	(7,976,904,012)
Transfer to retained earnings on forfeiture of options	-	-	-	(3,528,693)	3,528,693	-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	-	664	(265,212)	(264,548)	(20,018,347)
Balance as at 31 March 2019	406	30,722	37,395,980	664	(143,078,187)	(105,681,543)	(7,996,922,359)
Transfer to retained earnings on forfeiture of options	-	-	-	(345)	345	-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	-	965	(38,139,674)	(38,138,709)	(2,885,956,110)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	406	30,722	37,395,980	1,284	(181,217,516)	(143,820,252)	(10,882,878,469)

^{*} Employee stock options reserve - The share options based payment reserve is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options issued to employees under Employee stock option plan of the Company.

Summary of Significant accounting policies (Refer Note 3).

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For ASA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number: 009571N/N500006

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of CFCL Ventures Limited

D Ramprasad Manoj Bawa
Partner Director

Membership number: 028241

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 22, 2020 Place: Bengaluru Date: May 22, 2020

1) Corporate Information

- a. CFCL Ventures Limited, ("the Company") is a Limited Company incorporated on 12 March 2007 and domiciled in Cayman Islands. The principal activity of the company is to carry on the business of investment holding, and to undertake and transact in investment business.
- b. The Company is a subsidiary of Chambal Fertilisers and Chemicals Limited ("the Holding Company"), a company incorporated under the laws of India and listed on the recognised stock exchanges in India.
- c. As of January 30, 2020, ISGN Corporation ("ISGN USA"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement with "LS TEMPO, LLC" ("LS Tempo"), pursuant to which, among other things, ISGN USA sold/transferred to LS Tempo, all of its identified assets/liabilities (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, including goodwill) together with its right, title and interest in the identified contracts free and clear of all encumbrances. After completion of aforesaid transaction, ISGN USA was not having any business activities.
- d. As of January 30, 2020, ISG Novasoft Technologies Limited ("ISGN India"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement with "Indecomm Global Services (India) Pvt. Ltd." ("Indecomm"), pursuant to which, among other things, ISGN India sold to Indecomm, all of its identified assets, (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, including goodwill) together with its right, title and interest in the identified contracts free and clear of all encumbrances. After completion of aforesaid transaction, ISGN India was not having any business activities.

2) Basis of preparation

The Ind AS financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and other relevant rules.

The significant accounting policies adopted for preparation and presentation of Ind AS financial statements have been applied consistently, except for the changes in accounting policy for amendments to the standard, as applicable, that were effective for annual period beginning from on or after April 1, 2019.

Ind AS 116 on Leases was notified on March 30, 2019 and it replaces Ind AS 17 on Leases, including appendices thereto. Ind AS 116 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model similar to the accounting for finance leases under Ind AS 17. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees – leases of 'low-value' assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). Considering the transaction referred to in para 1 c) & d) above, there was no significant adjustment required to the Company's retained earnings or the lease charges recognized during the year.

Though the subsidiaries have sold/transferred all their identified assets/liabilities during the year as mentioned above, as per the agreement entered into with LS Tempo and Indecomm ("respective Buyers"), the Holding Company shall ensure that ISGN USA and ISGN India ("the subsidiaries") fulfills their indemnity obligations under the transaction documents executed among the subsidiaries,

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

CFCL Ventures Limited and the respective Buyers. Accordingly, the Ind AS financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

(a) Functional and presentation currency

These Ind AS financial statements are prepared in US Dollars ("USD"), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest dollar, unless otherwise indicated.

(b) Basis of measurement

The Ind AS financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

Items	Measurement basis
Certain financial assets and liabilities	Fair value

(c) Use of estimates and judgements

In preparing these Ind AS financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively. The significant accounting estimates used in the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements are as follows:

i. Employee stock option

Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determination of the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them.

ii. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using internal valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

3) Summary of Significant accounting policies

(a) Current / Non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is current when:

- expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

(b) Measurement of fair values

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses following hierarchy and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

The Company requires the measurement of fair values for both financial / non-financial assets and liabilities. The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes an independent valuer that performs valuation of all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values. When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

(c) Financial Instruments

i. Recognition and initial measurement

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contract that gives rise to financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

ii. Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

iii. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

iv. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

v. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

vi. Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial asset/ liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of

the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

vii. Embedded derivatives

If the hybrid contract contains a host that is a financial asset within the scope of Ind AS 109, the Company does not separate embedded derivatives. Rather, it applies the classification requirements contained in Ind AS 109 to the entire hybrid contract. Derivatives embedded in all other host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value though profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in statement of profit and loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments.

viii. Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. The changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent.

ix. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(d) Employee stock compensation costs

Employee stock compensation costs for stock options are recognized as employee benefit based on the grant date fair value of the options granted to employees. The fair value of the options is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model on the basis of valuation performed by the Management and recognized in a graded manner on the basis of weighted period of services over the vesting period. The expected term of an option is estimated based on the vesting term and contractual term of the option, as well as expected exercise behavior of the employee who receives the option. Expected volatility during the expected term of the option is based on historical volatility, during a period equivalent to the expected term of the option, of the observed market prices of the publicly traded equity shares of comparable listed entities. Expected dividends during the expected term of the option are based on recent dividend activity. Risk-free interest rates are based on the government securities yield in effect at the time of the grant over the expected term.

That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

The statement of profit and loss expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense.

(e) Leases

The Company as a lessee:

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset (explicitly or implicitly specified in the contract) for a period of time in exchange for a consideration.

A customer has the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it has the:

- Right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset and
- Right to direct the use of the identified asset i.e. it has the right to direct how and for what purpose the asset is used throughout the period of use.

Once a lease is identified, a lessee is required to recognise a Right-Of-Use (ROU) asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments on the balance sheet. ROU asset will be measured at cost and the lease liability will be measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date.

Subsequently, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. A ROU asset will be measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment.

The Company may elect not to apply the lease accounting model to:

- Leases with a lease term of 12 months or less that do not contain a purchase option i.e. short term leases.
- Leases for which the underlying asset is of low value when it is new even if the effect is material in aggregate.

(f) Earnings per share

The basic earnings/(loss) per share is computed by dividing the net profit/(loss) attributable to equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings/(loss) per share is computed by dividing the net profit/(loss) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving base earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share or increase the net loss per share. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

CFCL Ventures Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprise cash in hand and balance in bank in current accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

(h) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit/ (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

(i) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present (legal or constructive) obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date) at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

4. Investments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Trade (Unquoted)			
Investment in subsidiaries			
36,230,700 (Previous year : 36,230,700) Ordinary shares of			
Rs. 10 each in ISG Novasoft Technologies Limited, fully			
paid up	8,362,601	8,362,601	632,798,018
Investment in subsidiaries			
Less : Provision for Impairment	(8,362,601)	0.262.601	(632,798,018)
(A)_	-	8,362,601	-
8534 (Previous year : 8534) Ordinary shares of USD 10 each			
in ISGN Corporation fully paid up	28,992,751	28,992,751	2,193,881,468
Less : Provision for Impairment	(28,992,751)	-	(2,193,881,468)
(B)_	-	28,992,751	-
Total (A+B)		37,355,352	_
1000 (11.2)		.,,,,,,,,,	
		37,355,352	-
Aggregate book value of unquoted investments	-		
Aggregate book value of unquoted investments Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d 5. Cash and cash equivalents	uring the current ye	37,355,352	-
Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d	As at March 31, 2020	37,355,352	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d 5. Cash and cash equivalents Particulars	As at	37,355,352 ar. Refer Note No. 17.	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation
Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d 5. Cash and cash equivalents Particulars Cash and cash equivalents	As at	37,355,352 ar. Refer Note No. 17.	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation
Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d 5. Cash and cash equivalents Particulars Cash and cash equivalents	As at	37,355,352 ar. Refer Note No. 17.	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation
Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d 5. Cash and cash equivalents Particulars Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks	As at March 31, 2020	37,355,352 ar. Refer Note No. 17. As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d 5. Cash and cash equivalents Particulars Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks In current accounts	As at March 31, 2020	37,355,352 ar. Refer Note No. 17. As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited) 738,388
Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d 5. Cash and cash equivalents Particulars Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks In current accounts	As at March 31, 2020	37,355,352 ar. Refer Note No. 17. As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited) 738,388
Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d 5. Cash and cash equivalents Particulars Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks In current accounts 6. Other financial Assets	As at March 31, 2020 9,758	37,355,352 ar. Refer Note No. 17. As at March 31, 2019 6,422 6,422	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited) 738,388
Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d 5. Cash and cash equivalents Particulars Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks In current accounts 6. Other financial Assets Particulars Non-current	As at March 31, 2020 9,758 9,758 As at March 31, 2020	37,355,352 ar. Refer Note No. 17. As at March 31, 2019 6,422 As at	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited) 738,388 738,388 As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Aggregate market value of unquoted investments Investments in subsidiaries have fully impaired and provided d 5. Cash and cash equivalents Particulars Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks In current accounts 6. Other financial Assets Particulars	As at March 31, 2020 9,758 9,758 As at	37,355,352 ar. Refer Note No. 17. As at March 31, 2019 6,422 As at	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited) 738,388 738,388 As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

7. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Authorised			
Ordinary shares			
80,058,546,026 (Previous Year : 58,546,026), Ordinary shares of par value USD			
0.0001 each	8,005,855	5,855	605,803,048
	8,005,855	5,855	605,803,048
Issued, subscribed and paid up:			
Ordinary shares			
4,058,593 (Previous Year: 4,058,593) Ordinary shares of par value of USD 0.0001			
each fully paid up	406	406	30,722
	406	406	30,722

Shareholding by the Holding Company and ordinary shareholders holding more than 5 percent of ordinary shares along with the number of ordinary shares held at the beginning and at the end of the year is as given below:

Particulars	As at March 3	31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
	Number of	% of share	Number of	% of share
	shares	holding	shares	holding
Chambal Fertilisers and Chemicals Limited , Holding Company	2,932,947	72.27%	2,932,947	72.27%
Fiserv Solutions, Inc	755,646	18.62%	755,646	18.62%
William Adamowski	240,000	5.91%	240,000	5.91%

Reconciliation of the shares outstanding as at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Particulars	As at March 3	As at March 31, 2019		
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Ordinary shares				
Shares at the beginning of the year	4,058,593	406	4,058,593	406
Add / Less: Movement during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares at the end year	4,058,593	406	4,058,593	406

Rights, preference and restrictions attached to ordinary shares

The Company has a single class of ordinary shares having a par value of USD 0.0001 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. Subject to the applicable Statute, the Directors may declare dividends and distributions on Shares in issue and authorise payment of the dividends or Distributions out of the funds of the Company lawfully available therefor. No dividend or Distribution shall be paid except out of the realised or unrealised profits of the Company, or out of the share premium account or as otherwise permitted by the Statute. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

There has been no issuance of bonus shares, shares issued for consideration other than cash or buy back of shares during the last five years ended 31 March 2020.

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

7. Equity (continued)

 $Shares\ reserved\ for\ issue\ under\ options,\ convertible\ preference\ shares\ and\ convertible\ warrant\ (Nos.):$

Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
Under Employee Stock Option Scheme 2007	6,081,498	6,081,498	
<u>Issued preference shares</u>			
Series A-1 Preference shares	2,176,468	2,176,468	
Series B Preference shares	387,098	387,098	
Series B-1 Preference shares	3,204,074	3,204,074	
Series C Preference shares	70,193	70,193	
Series C-1 Preference shares	1,507,511	1,507,511	
Series D Preference shares	35,009	35,009	
Series D-1 Preference shares	751,878	751,878	
Series E Preference shares	52,514	52,514	
Series E-1 Preference shares	1,127,817	1,127,817	
Series F Preference shares	44,490	44,490	
Series F-1 Preference shares	1,455,509	1,455,509	
Series G Preference shares	1,996,162	1,996,162	
Series H Preference shares	1,082,230	1,082,230	
Series I Preference shares	4,832,693	4,832,693	
Series J Preference shares	3,120,000	1,360,000	
For conversion and other terms and conditions, refer Note 8.			

Share warrants

Particulars	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2020		
	Exercise price	No. of shares	Exercise price	No. of shares
Ordinary shares	0.01	93,450	0.01	93,450
Series C Preference shares	-	-	12.71	47,213
Series G Preference shares	0.01	35,210	0.01	35,210
Series H Preference shares	4.62	643,886	4.62	643,886
Series H Preference shares	0.01	1,878,055	0.01	1,878,055
Series I Preference shares	0.01	1,893,333	0.01	1,893,333

None of the warrants have been exercised by the warrant holders.

Shareholding of preference shares

Name of the holder	As at Marcl	h 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
	Number of shares	% of share holding	Number of shares	% of share holding
Series A-1 to J-1 Preference shares				-
Chambal Fertilisers and Chemicals Limited, Holding Company	14,860,459	68.03%	13,100,459	65.23%
NEA FDI, Ltd.	6,029,616	27.60%	6,029,616	30.02%
New Enterprise Associates-IndoUS Ventures, LLC	953,571	4.37%	953,571	4.75%
Total	21,843,646	100.00%	20,083,646	100%

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

7. Equity (continued)

Employee stock options

The Board of Directors of CFCL Ventures Limited, approved the 2007 Share Option Plan ('Plan') administered by compensation committee for granting stock options to certain employees of its subsidiary companies as per Management's discretion. A committee has been constituted to administer the Plan along with the Board and to determine the grant date fair value which would be the exercise price for such options.

The fair value of the ordinary shares is determined by the management on the date of the grant of the stock options to the employees pursuant to the Plan. The fair valuation has been done using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model. The stock options vest equally over the period of 4 years and the exercise period is 10 years from the date of grant.

The following table details the movement of options under the Plan mentioned above:

In Nos.

Particulars	As at March	As at March
	2020	2019
Options outstanding at the beginning of the year	201,000	-
Granted / (Forfeited) during the year	(104,500)	201,000
Options outstanding at the end of the year	96,500	201,000
Exercisable at the end of the year	32,167	16,750

There has been no exercise of stock options during the year. The weighted average remaining contractual life for the stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2020 is 8.67 years (March 31, 2019 - 9.67 years). The weighted average fair value of options granted during the year was USD 0.04 (March 31, 2019 - USD 0.02).

The Company measures the fair value of stock options at the grant date using Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share options were granted. The inputs used in the option pricing model are as below:

Fair value per share (USD)	0.04
Exercise price (USD)	1.09
Average risk-free interest rate	2.60%
Expected volatility of share price	100%
Expected life of options granted (in years)	6.1
Expected dividend yield	Nil

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31,2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

7 Other equity

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2020
			Convenience translation into
			Rupees (Unaudited)
Securities premium			
Balance as per last financial statements	37,395,980	37,395,980	2,829,753,807
Add: Additions during the year/period	-	-	-
Closing balance	37,395,980	37,395,980	2,829,753,807
Employee stock options reserve			
Balance as per last financial statements	664	3,528,693	50,245
Transfer to retained earnings on forfeiture of options	(345)	(3,528,693)	(26,106)
Employee stock compensation cost for the year	965	664	73,022
Closing balance	1,284	664	97,161
Surplus / (deficit) in the statement of profit and loss			
Balance as per last financial statements	(143,078,187)	(146,341,668)	(10,826,726,410)
Transfer from Employee stock options reserve on forfeiture of options	345	3,528,693	26,106
Less: Loss for the year	(38,139,674)	(265,212)	(2,886,029,132)
Closing balance	(181,217,516)	(143,078,187)	(13,712,729,436)
	(143,820,252)	(105,681,543)	(10,882,878,468)

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

8. Borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Non-current			<u> </u>
<u>Unsecured</u> Redeemable Preference Shares	144,263,431	142,063,431	10,916,413,824
	144,263,431	142,063,431	10,916,413,824

Redeemable preference shares

Preference shareholders carry voting rights "on an as-converted basis" with ordinary shareholders, except for key governance protections outlined in the Articles of Association of the Company, in which case each class votes separately "on an as-converted basis" as per the terms of the preference shareholders agreement. Further preference shareholders carry preferential dividend rights over ordinary shares if declared by the Board of Directors and priority over ordinary shares in the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of Company.

Within ninety (90) days after the receipt of a written request from members holding not less than a majority of then outstanding preference shares, voting together "on an as-converted basis", that all preference shares be redeemed (such date within such ninety (90) days period being the "Redemption Date") and concurrently with the surrender by the holders of outstanding preference shares of the certificates representing such preference shares, the Company shall, to the extent it may lawfully do so, redeem all of the then outstanding preference shares by paying an amount in cash per preference share to be redeemed equal to the greater of (i) the original purchase price per share (subject to adjustment for any recapitalizations) and (ii) the fair market value of such preference share as of the Redemption Date, as determined by an independent third-party investment bank or similar financial service provider agreed to by the Company and the holders of at least a majority of the preference shares then outstanding, voting together on an as-converted basis (the "Redemption Price"). If, on the Redemption Date, the funds of the Company legally available for redemption of preference shares are insufficient to redeem all outstanding preference shares, those funds that are legally available will be used to make payment to the holders of preference shares on a pro-rata basis in proportion to the number of preference shares then held by such members. Any preference shares not redeemed shall remain outstanding and shall be entitled to all the rights and preferences provided herein. At any time thereafter when additional funds of the Company are legally available for the redemption of the preference shares, such funds will immediately be used to redeem the balance of the preference shares not redeemed on the Redemption Date in the manner and in the order set forth in the preceding sentence.

Each holder of Preference Shares shall be entitled to convert any or all of its Preference Shares, at any time, without the payment of any additional consideration, into such number of fully paid Ordinary Shares as is determined by multiplying the number of Preference Shares by a fraction (such fraction being the "Conversion Ratio") determined by dividing the Original Purchase Price by the Conversion Price in effect at the time of conversion. Any conversion of Preference Shares shall be effected by the redemption of the relevant number of Preference Shares and the issuance of an appropriate number of Ordinary Shares.

In the event of liquidation, preference shareholders have a preferential right over ordinary shareholders to be repaid to the extent of capital paid-up and dividend in arrears on such shares.

As the Company has an obligation to deliver a number of its equity instruments which may vary based on the fair value of the preference shares on the date of redemption, the contractual obligation has been construed as financial liability.

9. Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Non-current			<u>-</u>
Payables to related parties ⁽¹⁾	-	906,179	-
	-	906,179	<u> </u>
Current			
Accrued expenses (1)	7,001	33,655	529,764
Warrants (2)	610	610	46,159
	7,611	34,265	575,923
(1) Financial liabilities carried at amortized cost	7,001	939,834	529,764
(2) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	610	610	46,159

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

Employee stock compensation cost for the year

Consultancy, legal and professional charges

10. Finance Cost

Audit fees

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Interest expenses	-	-	-
Bank charges	1,349	-	102,079
-	1,349	-	102,079
11. Other expenses			
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2020

into Rupees (Unaudited)

529,690

73,022

58,644,855

59,247,567

24,002

240,546

265,212

664

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7,000

775,008

782,973

965

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

12. Financial instruments by category

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at 31 March 2020 were as follows:

	Amortised cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Total carrying value	Total fair value	Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	9,758	-	9,758	9,758	738,388
Investment	-	-	-	-	-
Total	9,758	-	9,758	9,758	738,388
Liabilities:					
Borrowings	-	144,263,431	144,263,431	144,263,431	10,916,413,824
Other financial liabilities	7,001	610	7,611	7,611	575,923
Total	7,001	144,264,041	144,271,042	144,271,042	10,916,989,747

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at 31 March 2019 were as follows:

	Amortised cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Total carrying value	Total fair value	Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	6,422	-	6,422	6,422	485,953
Investment		37,355,352	37,355,352	37,355,352	2,826,679,486
Total	6,422	37,355,352	37,361,774	37,361,774	2,827,165,439
Liabilities:					
Borrowings	-	142,063,431	142,063,431	142,063,431	10,749,939,824
Trade payables	39,036	-	39,036	39,036	2,953,854
Other financial liabilities	939,834	610	940,444	940,444	71,163,397
Total	978,870	142,064,041	143,042,911	143,042,911	10,824,057,075

Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as at 31 March 2020:

	As at 31 March 2020	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year using (in USD)			Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 3
Liabilities					
Preference shares	144,263,431	-	-	144,263,431	10,916,413,824
Share warrants	610	-	-	610	46,159

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

12. Financial instruments by category (continued)

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as at 31 March 2019:

	As at 31 March 2019	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year using (in USD)		Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 3
Liabilities					
Preference shares	142,063,431	-	-	142,063,431	10,749,939,820
Share warrants	610	-	-	610	46,159

Redeemable preference shares are valued at greater of original purchase price and fair value, which is determined to be fair value at which these preference shares are redeemable, as determined by the management as per the terms of these preference shares. Also refer note 8.

13. Financial risk management

The Companies activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. The Company's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

Liquidity risk

The Companies principal sources of liquidity are borrowings and cash and cash equivalents. The Company believes that the working capital and the support provided by the Holding Company is sufficient to meet its current requirements. Accordingly, no liquidity risk is perceived.

14. Capital Management

The Company's objective is to maintain a capital base to ensure sustained growth in business and to maximise the shareholders value. The capital management focusses to maintain an optional structure that balances growth and maximizes the shareholders values.

	As at (in USD)		As at (in	INR)
	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Total equity attributable to the equity share holders of the				
Company (A)	(143,819,846)	(105,681,137)	(10,882,847,747)	(7,996,891,637)
Total loans and borrowings (B)	144,263,431	142,063,431	10,916,413,824	10,749,939,824
Total capital (A+B)	443,585	36,382,294	33,566,077	2,753,048,187

The Company is mainly funded by Redeemable Preference shares.

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

15. Related party disclosures

I. Related party name and relationship

Holding Company : Chambal Fertilisers and Chemicals Limited ("CFCL")

Entities which exercise significant Influence : NEA FDI Ltd.

NEA Indo US Ventures, LLC

Fellow Subsidiaries : India Steamship Pte. Ltd. (dissolved on April 06, 2020)

Chambal Infrastructure Ventures Limited India Steamship Limited (Under Liquidation)

Subsidiaries : ISGN Corporation ("ISGN USA")

ISG Novasoft Technologies Limited ("ISGN India")

Subsidiary of ISGN India : Inuva Info Management Private Limited

(Under Liquidation) (" Inuva")*

Key management personnel (KMP) : Amit Kothiyal, CEO and Director (till 30th Jan 2020)

Manoj Bawa, Director

II. Transaction with Related parties:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019	Year ended 31 March 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Holding Company Investment inward in Preference Shares - J (CFCL)	2,200,000	1,700,000	166,474,000
<u>Subsidiary Company</u> Expenses paid by subsidiary (ISGN USA)	794,446	267,953	60,115,729

III. Outstanding balances of Related Parties:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Subsidiary Company			
Other liabilities (ISGN USA)	441,438	906,179	33,403,613

16. Earnings per share

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019	Year ended 31 March 2020 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Loss for the year	(38,139,674)	(265,212)	(2,886,029,132)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares considered in calculating Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share ('EPS')	4,058,593	4,058,593	4,058,593
Basic and Diluted EPS	(9.40)	(0.07)	(711.30)
Nominal value of equity share	0.0001	0.0001	

In computing the diluted EPS, potential equity shares that are dilutive and which increase loss per share are included. Since the Company's preference shares are anti-dilutive and would reduce the loss per share, there is considered to be no dilution for the year ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019.

^{*} During the financial year 2018-19, the shareholders of Inuva had approved its voluntary liquidation in pursuance of the provisions of Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Voluntary Liquidation Process) Regulations, 2017. The liquidator has completely liquidated the assets of Inuva during the financial year 2019-20 and it was not having any assets or liabilities as on March 31, 2020. Inuva is in the process of voluntary liquidation / dissolution.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in USD, except as otherwise stated)

17. Sale of Business by subsidiaries:

a. ISGN Corporation, USA:

As of January 30, 2020, ISGN USA, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement with "LS TEMPO, LLC" ("LS Tempo"), pursuant to which, among other things, ISGN USA sold/transferred to the LS Tempo, all of its identified assets/liabilities, (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, including goodwill) together with its right, title and interest in the identified Contracts free and clear of all encumbrances. After completion of aforesaid transaction, ISGN USA was not having any business activities and the operations were considered as "Discontinued Operations"

b. ISG NovaSoft Technologies Limited, India:

As of January 30, 2020, ISGN India, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement with "Indecomm Global Services (India) Pvt. Ltd." ("Indecomm"), pursuant to which, among other things, ISGN India sold to the Indecomm, all of its identified assets, (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, including goodwill) together with its right, title and interest in the identified contracts free and clear of all encumbrances. After completion of aforesaid transaction, ISGN India was not having any business activities and the operations were considered as "Discontinued Operations".

Pursuant to the sale of business and related transfer of assets/liabilities of the business of both the Companies' subsidiaries, the operations of the Company was also considered "Discontinued Operations". In addition, considering the fair value of the Company's subsidiaries, the investment in the subsidiaries was considered impaired and was fully provided during the current year.

18. Convenience translation

The books of accounts of the Company are maintained in USD, being the currency of primary economic environment in which it operates. Supplementry information in Indian Rupees (INR) is provided for convenience only. The Balance sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash flows and related notes have been translated at the rate of USD 1 = INR 75.67. These numbers are based on information from the management and have not been audited by ASA & Associates LLP.

As per our report of even date attached For ASA & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 009571N/N500006

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

CFCL Ventures Limited

D Ramprasad

Place: Bengaluru

Date: May 22, 2020

Partner

Membership Number: 028241

•

Manoj Bawa Director

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 22, 2020